Dallam Community Primary School – Subject Progression – Science



	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Science Progression Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	THE NATURAL WORLD	Ask questions	Ask questions and understand	Ask questions and conduct	Ask relevant questions	Plan different kinds of fair	Plan different kinds of fair
Working Scientifically	Seedlings Explore both indoor and outdoor environments. Notice changes within the environment. Use a variety of senses to explore the natural world. Acorns Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials Explore collections of materials with similar/ and or different properties Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. Plant seeds and care for growing plants Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things Talk about the difference	Use a microscope /magnifying glass Perform experiments. Group things together by their features Find the answer to questions by looking carefully at things Collect results and write them down	that they can be answered in different ways Use a microscope /magnifying glass Perform experiments Group things together by their features Suggest the answer to a question by making observations Collect my results and write them down to help me answer questions	experiments to answer them Set up a fair practical experiment Take accurate measurements using thermometers, data loggers, rulers Wite a report to explain my findings using scientific vocabulary Present findings to the class Use results to draw conclusions Describe what has stayed the same and what has changed in an experiment Use the evidence from my own and other people's experiments to support my conclusions	Use different types of experiments to answer questions Make careful observations and take accurate measurements using: thermometers, rulers, own equipment Classify results and present data Record experiment in a report using: graphs, diagrams, charts Deliver an oral report on findings Use the evidence from results to draw a conclusion Evaluate the experiment and suggest improvements	experiments Describe how variables are controlled in experiments Take accurate measurements using a variety of scientific equipment Explain why it's important to take repeated measurements Record data using: Labelled scientific diagrams, classification keys, tables, bar charts, line graphs Make predictions about how other tests will work using my results Present findings in a written report with an introduction, results and conclusion Present findings in a written report with an introduction and results Describe other experiments that have been done to support or disprove ideas	experiments Recognise why controlling variables is important and explain how to do this in experiments Take accurate measurements using scientific equipment Take repeated measurements when appropriate Record data using: Labelled scientific diagrams, classification keys, tables, bar charts, line graphs Draw conclusions from results and describe causal relationships in results Present findings in a written report with an introduction, conclusion and results Present my findings in an oral presentation Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments
Biology	between materials and the changes they notice. Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and animal Explore and talk about the different forces they can feel Ash Can describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Explore the natural world around them. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. Can explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them,	Identify some annual plants Identify some evergreen plants Identify some common fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals Identify some common meat eating animals (carnivores) Identify some common plant eating animals (herbivores) Identify some common animals that eat both plants and meat (omnivores) Describe the differences between some common fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals Identify what kinds of animals are kept as pets Label the human body using the right words	Identify the differences between something that is living, things that are no longer alive and things that have never been alive Describe how different habitats provide for different animals and plants Identify how different animals and plants depend on each other Describe micro-habitats Describe different plants and animals in their habitats Describe how a food chain works Name different food sources of different animals Describe how seeds and bulbs grow into plants Describe why plants need water, light and heat to grow and stay healthy Identify what happens to animals over time as they grow from young to adult Know the names of familiar animals' young Describe what animals and humans need to survive Explain why exercise is important Explain why it is important to make sure you are clean	Describe the function of the roots, stem or trunk, leaves and flowers of a plant Explain what plants need to grow and stay healthy Describe how water is transported inside plants Describe the lifecycle of a flowering plant Describe how nutrients, water and oxygen are transported within animals and humans Describe how the muscular and skeletal systems work together to create movement	Describe how different living things can be grouped together Describe how environmental changes can affect living things Demonstrate how to use a classification key Explain the lifecycle of a flowering plant Describe the different parts of the human digestive system Describe the different types of teeth I have in my mouth Draw a food chain	Describe the differences between the life cycles of: a mammal, a bird, an insect, an amphibian Describe the reproductive cycle of a plant Describe the reproductive cycle of an animal	Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics Classify plants and animals into groups Explain why living things have been classified into groups Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system Describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood Describe the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the function of the human body Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals including humans Explain how fossils provide information about living things that lived on Earth millions of years ago Explain why the offspring of living things are similar but not identical to their parents Describe how animals and plants adapt to suit their environment Explain how evolution is caused by the ability to adapt to environment

Dallam Community Primary School – Subject Progression – Science



Chemistry	including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Identify the difference between an object and what it is made from Identify the names of some common materials Describe the properties of some everyday materials Group together materials by their features	Identify what different materials are used for Describe why some objects cannot be made from other materials Explain how you can change the shape of solid objects.	Compare and group different kinds of rocks based on their appearance and physical properties Describe how fossils are formed Explain what soil is made from	Group materials by state (solid, liquid, gas) Describe what happens to water as it is heated and cooled Measure temperature in degrees Celsius Describe the water cycle	Classify materials by: Transparency, hardness, solubility, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, response to magnets Describe how some materials dissolve to form a solution Explain how to separate materials in a solution Decide how best to separate mixtures Explain, using evidence, why some materials are best suited to different uses Explain why some state changes are reversible, and some state changes aren't	
Physics		Describe what is different about each season Describe the kind of weather we get in each season Describe how the length of the day changes in each season each season	•	Explain why we need light to see things Explain that dark is the absence of light Explain the sun is dangerous to the eyes Describe how shadows are formed Describe that light can be reflected and give examples Explain why shadows are sometimes long and sometimes short Describe how things move on different surfaces Describe how magnets attract and repel each other Identify some magnetic and non-magnetic materials Sort materials based on magnetic properties. Label the poles of a magnet will attract or repel each other by observing the poles	Explain how sounds are made Explain how sound travels to your ear Describe the pitch of a sound changes depending on what has produced it Describe volume in terms of vibrations Describe what happens to a sound when you get further away from it Identify some appliances that run on electricity Build a series electrical circuit and identify each element Predict, by looking, whether a light will switch on in a circuit Explain how switches work in a circuit Identify common electrical conductors and insulators	Describe how the planets in our solar system move in relation to the Sun. Describe how the Moon moves relative to the Earth. Describe the shape of the Moon, Sun and Earth. Explain how day turns into night. Explain why objects fall to Earth. Explain the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction	Describe how light appears to travel Describe how objects need to reflect light to be visible Explain how we are able to see things because of light travelling Explain why shadows are the same shape as the objects that cast them Explain how the brightness of a lamp, or volume of a buzzer, is associated with the number and voltage of cells used in a circuit Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function in circuits Use recognised symbols to represent a simple circuit in a diagram